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TWELVE PAGES—ONE RIAL

## Followers of Shariat-Madari angered

### Iran elections boycott threatened

TEHRAN, Aug. 1 (Agencies) — Supporters of Iran's second-ranking religious leader threatened Wednesday to boycott Friday's elections for a council charged with approving Iran's new constitution.

Their threats came only hours after Ayatollah Khomeini, Iran's leading religious leader, warned voters not to cast ballots for left- or right-wing candidates in the election for the council of constitutional examiners.

Khomeini had said Tuesday night that voters should elect experts in Islamic law and sincere Muslims to the 75-member council.

But Wednesday, the Muslim People's Republican Party, which consists of followers of Ayatollah Seyyed Khomeini, accused rival Islamic groups of interfering with its election campaign and urged that the elections be postponed.

Ayatollah Shariat-Madari was Iran's most prominent religious leader until Khomeini returned to Iran from exile in February.

Strained relations between the two Ayatollahs recently improved after a meeting of senior Ayatollahs in the holy city of Qom.

But a Muslim People's Party spokesman Wednesday complained that his party's campaign was being harassed by supporters of the Islamic Republican Party, which groups followers of Ayatollah Khomeini.

More than 20 million Iranians are due to go to the polls to elect a 75-man council which will have one month to approve a new constitution for the Islamic Republic.

The official draft was published last month and the final version is to be put to a popular referendum.

An estimated 80 per cent of the over 1,000 candidates are Muslim clerics.

In a letter delivered to the government Tuesday night, the Muslim People's Party threatened to boycott the elections.

## Mauritania pulls out of Sahara war

NOUAKCHOTT, Aug. 1 (R) — Mauritania Prime Minister Muhammad Khouni Haidalla said his country had decided to withdraw from the desert war which has pitted Morocco against the Algerian-supported Polisario Liberation Front.

Mauritania had "chosen to definitely withdraw from the Sahara war which we consider as fratricidal and unjust," Lt. Col. Haidalla said on Nouakchott radio Tuesday.

"Mauritania has no territorial ambitions in the Western Sahara," he said.

The Mauritanian leader's statements appeared to mark the final turn in a change of position by his country which has been strongly hinted at over the past months.

him People's Republican Party said that unless the vote was delayed, it would boycott the polls since "proper conditions for a free election do not exist."

Khomeini said Tuesday night it was the people's religious duty to vote.

The party statement criticized the candidature of members of Iran's Council of the Revolution, which drew up the proposed constitution. Although government officials have refrained from standing, some council members who are candidates also serve as deputy ministers.

The Muslim People's party also objected to the speed of the election campaign which officially began last weekend.

"All these factors block the way for a free election and make the result doubtful..."

"In the opinion of the party conditions must be provided for a free election, but unfortunately there is evidence that revolutionary propaganda for one particular party and tearing up the posters of those parties which are not attached to the establishment," the statement said.

Meanwhile tanks rolled into the deserted town of Marivan Wednesday to bolster government forces as negotiations with rebellious Kurds demanding to run their own affairs intensified.

The armored column had been held up since last Thursday outside of Kamyaran, near where heavily armed Kurds rallied in support of Marivan's inhabitants.

Lebanese army makes progress

BEIRUT, Aug. 1 (R) — Lebanese President Elias Sarkis said Wednesday there was a close link between progress in rebuilding the army and the future of the country.

In a speech marking army day, President Sarkis also called on Lebanese youth to join the army.

"There is a close — even organic — link at this stage of our history between the progress of the army and the future of the homeland," he told a ceremony at the Fayyadiyah barracks near here.

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## UNIFIL will stay, senior official says

BEIRUT, Aug. 1 (R) — A senior United Nations official said Wednesday he believed a U.N. peacekeeping force would remain in southern Lebanon despite its failure so far to fulfill its mission.

Brian Urquhart, under secretary-general for political affairs, told Reuters he could not imagine that the Security Council would withdraw the force (UNIFIL) when its mandate expires in December.

Urquhart, who arrived here Tuesday for talks with Lebanese and Palestinian leaders, made it clear there was no easy solution to what he termed a very complicated conflict in a volatile area.

Restoring peace to the troubled region near the Israeli border was a slow process requiring cooperation from all the parties involved, he said.

The U.N. force was established following the Israeli invasion of South Lebanon in March last year.

Urquhart said: "I think it is very important to realize that although UNIFIL has not fulfilled its objectives not by a long chalk, it is still performing a really vital function."

"My own view is that it is controlling the conflict and keeping down the temperature in a very volatile and explosive area of the world."

He said the talks had been fruitful, but he added: "I cannot say we reached solutions for the crisis."

Urquhart described his discussions with PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat as extremely useful and said: "Mr. Arafat has undertaken to cooperate with UNIFIL in the south and he certainly intends to do so. I think he does feel that it is a useful presence there."

Urquhart said he had discussed new ideas for resolving the conflict, the U.N. official said: "I think there are enough plans and ideas to last us for some time. The real problem is how to put them into effect."

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"I cannot imagine that the members of the Security Council are likely to remove that controlling mechanism knowing very well what the almost inevitable consequences will be."

Urquhart was speaking after lengthy meetings with Lebanese Prime Minister Selim Hoss, Foreign Minister Fuad Boutros and Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat.

He later met President Elias Sarkis and was due to have talks with Defense Minister Joseph Skaf before leaving Lebanon later Wednesday.

Asked about local press speculation that they had discussed new ideas for resolving the conflict, the U.N. official said: "I think there are enough plans and ideas to last us for some time. The real problem is how to put them into effect."

The prime minister told reporters that the talks had been fruitful, but he added: "I cannot say we reached solutions for the crisis."

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## Full withdrawal basis for peace, Saud says

TAIF, Aug. 1 (SPA) — Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal Wednesday reiterated the Kingdom's position that peace in the Middle East must be based on full Israeli withdrawal from occupied territories, including Jerusalem.

Speaking to the Gulf News Agency here the prince added that peace must also guarantee the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people to self-determination.

The minister's statement, the agency said, was in reply to remarks made by Robert Strauss, the American Middle East envoy, over the Kingdom's position on peace talks and the Palestinian question.

Prince Saud added that Saudi Arabia supports peace — a peace that must be based on justice.

He said Crown Prince Fahd was clear in his recent talks with Strauss and that there was no change in Saudi position toward the Palestinian cause.

He stressed that joining the peace negotiations had not been discussed at all.

"Saudi Arabian stance on the Camp David accords, which is a collective Arab position, has not changed," the prince stressed.

In Cairo, however, the Associated Press said two groups assigned by Israel and Egypt to work out details of what they describe as Palestinian self-rule ended their first meeting in Alexandria Tuesday, apparently with little progress.

The head of the Israeli delegation, Chaim Kiberski, was quoted by the Middle East News Agency as saying that "we are generally satisfied with the results achieved at the Alexandria talk forbidding that this is the feeling of other delegations," the Egyptian and American.

Nevertheless, the agency, apparently quoting Egyptian sources, said that differences between Israel and Egypt still remained.

It said Israel wants to limit "self-rule" in the occupied West Bank and the Gaza Strip to such spheres as education, housing, transportation and health, while Egypt insists on expanding it to include executive, legislative and security powers.

"We have to go step by step through this stage," Kiberski, director general of Israel's Interior Ministry, said, adding that the points of agreement and disagreement were discussed in a general way.

A joint report on the outcome of the meeting of the two working groups would be submitted to the next summit meeting between President Sadat and Prime Minister Begin in Haifa next week.

Kiberski said the Alexandria talks were conducted in a cordial atmosphere. He would report to his government.



## Rules out advancement by competition

## Fahd approves promotion system for diplomats

RIYADH, Aug. 1 (SPA) — Crown Prince Fahd, the chairman of the Public Personnel Bureau, has agreed that the Ministry of Foreign Affairs should continue to promote by appointment rather than by the system of competition used in the home civil service.

The Crown Prince has also approved regulations that except from that rule the position of attaché. Diplomatic positions ranked twelfth or above are decided according to civil service

regulations.

Those with academic qualifications can move up diplomatic positions without serving a set length of time.

This is the text of the regulations:

Firstly: Diplomatic positions except the position of attaché are not subject to the civil service regulations. They are filled by promotion according to Public Personnel Bureau decisions and Foreign Ministry conditions agreed with

the Public Personnel Bureau.

Secondly: The above positions are excluded from section (D) of article 10 — 1 of the executive regulations of the civil service about length of service.

The following items should be taken into account:

1) Promotion to second secretary requires at least two years as attaché.

2) Promotion to second secretary should be after at least three years as third secretary.

3) Promotion to first secretary — B should be after at least three years as second secretary.

4) Promotion to first secretary — A should be after at least three years in service as first secretary — B.

5) Promotion to the position of Counsellor — B should be after at least two years as first secretary — A.

Third: In occupying the positions ranked twelfth and above civil service executive regulations and Public Personnel Bureau decision apply.

The following conditions should be taken into account in promotion to them:

a) Promotion to counsellor — A should be after at least a year service as counsellor — B.

b) Promotion to minister plenipotentiary — B should be after at least a year as counsellor — A.

c) Promotion to minister plenipotentiary — A should be after at least a year's service as minister plenipotentiary — B.

## Civil servants

## on holiday soon

TAIF, Aug. 1 — All ministries and government departments will pay this month's salaries to officials and employees next Wednesday.

The salaries will be paid in time for Eid Al-Fitr and for the start of the public holidays on Aug. 15.

The 14-day public holidays will end on Aug. 28, and officials will have to go back to work Aug. 29.

## Medina governor slams sincerity of superpowers

JEDDAH, Aug. 1 — The Big powers are not really trying to achieve peace in the Middle East, Governor of Medina Prince Abdul Mubsen says.

Prince Abdul Mubsen told "Al-Bilad" Wednesday that "nothing so far suggests that they are seriously trying to end the problem."

The Arab-Israeli conflict would last until the return of Jerusalem to Arab sovereignty and the recovery of the rights of "our Palestinian brothers," including their right to set up an independent state.

He referred to "the malicious

Fourthly a) service mentioned in the second items is not applied to the holding diplomatic positions with suitable academic qualifications.

b) Length of service conditions are applied to those with suitable academic qualification who wish to occupy these positions.

Fifth: Employees are promoted to diplomatic posts on the following basis:

1) The Public Personnel Bureau and Foreign Ministry decide the position, rank and seniority of the employees to be promoted, if he has a diplomatic position on the following conditions:

a) His salary will not be increased above what he is paid when promoted.

b) He is not to be paid more than the post is paid, if he is assigned to a diplomatic position according to the rules and was promoted according to his length of service, according to the promotion regulations regardless of his salary in his previous position.

c) He is not to be paid more than the salary of the position to which he is promoted.

2) The Public Personnel Bureau and the Foreign Ministry decide whom to employ in the diplomatic corps.

Sixthly: A committee from the Public Personnel Bureau will examine the situation of any Foreign Ministry employee hurt by these rules, and will report to the Public Personnel Bureau.



SLAUGHTER: Animals move along the production line at the new Jeddah municipal slaughterhouse, being cleaned immediately after killing.

## In near future

## Price of Jeddah meat may fall

By a Staff Reporter

JEDDAH, Aug. 1 — The price of meat in Jeddah is expected to come down sharply soon.

The manager of the new municipal slaughterhouse, Lyndoo Thomas, said Wednesday that earlier this week a drop had been recorded in the average wholesale price of lamb and beef from SR 13 to SR10 a kilogram.

The slaughterhouse is killing some 1,000 cows, camels, sheep and goats a day, and Thomas and his assistants say that Jeddah's demand for meat is so satisfied that the wholesalers he deals with are asking for fewer animals to be killed.

Tuesday night the Jeddah shopping Center was offering steak at SR 20 per kilo.

It is understood elsewhere that Jeddah Municipality is investigating the town's meat market in an effort to reduce prices.

The slaughterhouse oow bandles seven or eight camels a day, 80 or 90 cows, and 900 sheep and goats, but Lyndoo says it has a capacity of killing 3,000 sheep and goats and 200 cattle in a 16-hour day.

To meet additional Ramadan

needs, an extra 36 men have been brought in from Cairo to supplement the 130 Egyptian staff members.

The new slaughterhouse began operations six weeks ago, replacing one that officials describe simply as "unhygienic," where animals were slaughtered and their meat prepared on the floors.

Thomas, an Englishman and a

"the only member of the Institute of Meat in Saudi Arabia," says that the new slaughterhouse is one of the fastest and cleanest in the Middle East.

It costs someone only SR 2 to have his cow or camel killed and dressed, and eight halalas for his goat or sheep. The slaughterhouse will then deliver the meat to its owner in three refrigerated trucks.

## Fertilizer accord next month

RIYADH, Aug. 1 (SPA) — Saudi Basic Industries Corporation Chief Executive Abdul Aziz Al-Zamel Wednesday said the Kingdom will sign the final agreement for the Saudi-Chinese joint fertilizer plant in September. In Jubail, the plant will have a capacity of 50,000 tons a year.

## Ancient house dug up

JEDDAH, Aug. 1 — A house thought more than 11,000 years old has been discovered by archaeologists digging in Kameshika. It has one large and one smaller room, as well as a sort of bathroom.

## Mosque facelift deals let

TAIF, Aug. 1 (SPA) — Minister of Pilgrimage and Endowments Sheikh Abdul Wahab Abdul Wasie awarded to Saudi firms Wednesday contracts worth SR4 million for modernizing eight mosques across the Kingdom.

## Pakistani pilgrims coming

ISLAMABAD, Aug. 1 (SPA) — The first of this year's pilgrim ships will leave Karachi Aug. 23, and pilgrim flights from Pakistan will start a month from now.

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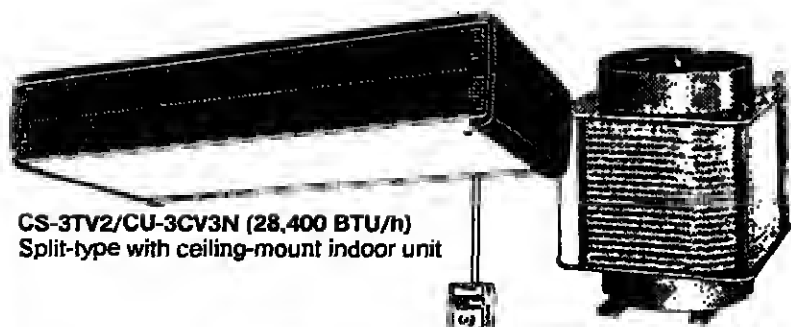
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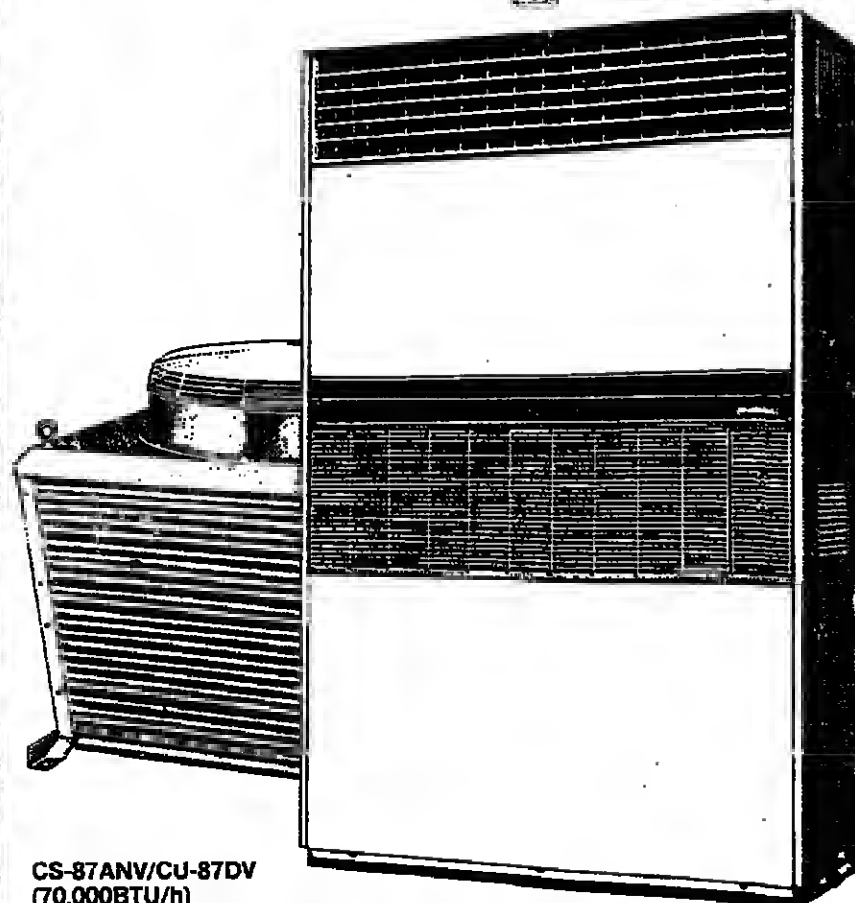
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## Commando army said formed to kill Shah

TEHRAN, Aug. 1 (AP) — A controversial cleric Ayatollah Sadeq Khalkhali says a "red" organization has been formed to assassinate the Shah, members of his family and former aides.

Khalkhali, who at one time sat on Tehran's Revolutionary Tribunal which has executed many government and military officials for serving the monarchy, said the guerrillas of the Islamic Fedayeen will find the Shah wherever he is and execute him "for the crimes

he has committed."

The newspaper "Ettelaat," quoting Khalkhali as saying Wednesday that the Shah, Empress Farah, Princess Ashraf, the empress's mother Mrs. Farideh Diba, Shahpour Bakhtiar, the last premier before the monarchy was

overthrown in February, and former Prime Minister Gen. Gholam Reza Azhari as well as several other former officials who served during the Shah's reign are all on the death list.

Khalkhali said those on the list have been sentenced to death in absentia by a revolutionary court. But there has never been any indication that such a trial took place.

Khalkhali has claimed that Islamic commandos have made two unsuccessful attempts to kill the Shah at his Mexican retreat, but Mexican officials have repeatedly denied this.

"I hope by the end of the holy month of Ramadan (Aug. 23) we can give the Iranian nation its biggest gift which is the death of the Shah and his aides," the newspaper quoted Khalkhali as saying.

He alleged that the Shah has a swollen kidney and was being treated at his private estate at Cuernavaca, Mexico at the insistence of his chief aide, instead of a clinic for security reasons.

"The Shah will die from this illness, but if he doesn't, we will kill him," Khalkhali said.



The Shah



Empress Farah

## Kabul government shuffle evidence of growing fear

NEW DELHI, Aug. 1 (AP) — A cabinet reshuffle by the pro-Soviet government in Afghanistan may reflect growing anxiety over the armed insurgency.

Prime Minister Hafizullah Amin took over additional defense duties under the "guidance" of President Taraki and gave up the foreign ministry, it was announced over the weekend.

The switch, not generally viewed here as a demotion, will

enable Amin to concentrate on the country's most pressing problem, the guerrilla war gnawing away much of the countryside.

The insurgency, poorly led and equipped, has been aided by a reported increase in defections by individual Afghan government troops and whole units, sources said.

Amin has strong ties with the armed forces having recruited many of the leading officers before the April 27, 1978, coup as military commissar of the now ruling Khalq (people's) Party.

Some Asian diplomats say his shift from the foreign ministry may be an attempt to defuse tensions with two potentially hostile neighbors, Iran and Pakistan.

While the abrasive Amin held the job, Kabul stridently accused the two countries of aiding refugees and sending their own soldiers in to the country disguised as Afghan peasants. Both Tehran and Islamabad have denied the charges.

## Boost in foreign exchange

## Turkey to resume imports today

ANKARA, Aug. 1 (R) — Turkey will Thursday resume foreign exchange transfers for imports, which except in the cases of oil and other essentials were halted in early 1977 because of a chronic lack of hard currency.

Central Bank Director Ismail Hakki Aydinoglu said Wednesday a recent boost in foreign exchange reserves, mainly owing to a massive increase in remittances from Turkish workers abroad, made the resumption of import transfers possible.

An initial \$ 195 million was earmarked for such transfers for August and September, most of it for the import of iron and steel products, petrochemicals, spare parts and insecticide materials, Aydinoglu said.

\$ 10 million of the amount would go to the private sector.

Aydinoglu said the transfers

would be resumed basically in chronological order, starting with those importers whose transfer requests have been in since 1977, but that this rule would be bent in the case of pressing imports.

Turks have been without such things as coffee, batteries, light bulbs, margarine and olive oil for many months because of the lack

of cash to import them. For the past two and a half years, Turkey has imported little more than oil and a few essential products.

But the country's economic situation, with external debts of at least \$ 12 billion, looks likely to improve after massive cash aid which has begun flowing in from Western governments and banks

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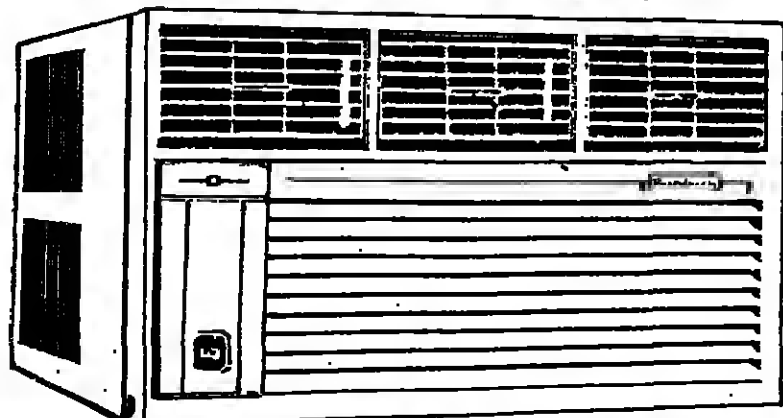
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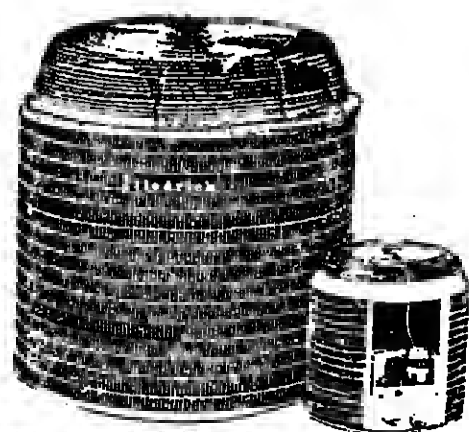


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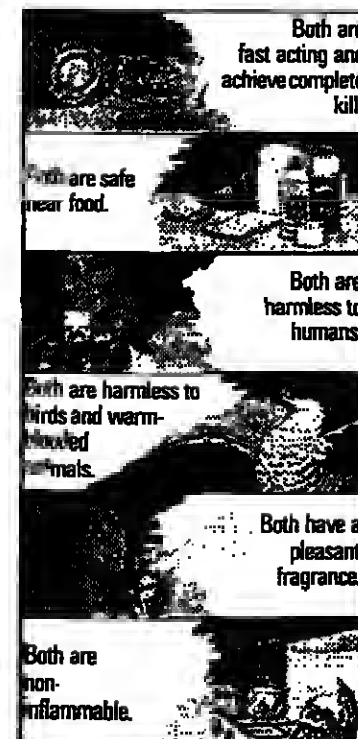
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### From Biafra to the Seychelles

## Rhodie reveals Pretoria at work in Africa

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 1 (AP) — Eschel Rhodie, wanted in South Africa for his role in a government information scandal, says he masterminded a secret campaign to open top level links with the moderate leaders of Black Africa.

The former senior official of the South African Information Department said he singled out

Black Africa as "The prime target" in a surreptitiously funded propaganda offensive designed to improve his country's standing abroad. He made the disclosures in an interview with the Dutch magazine "Elseviers."

The aim was to establish contacts in moderate black states so that critical Western countries such as Sweden could no longer

refuse to deal with South Africa, Rhodie told "Elseviers" in the second installment of an interview to be published Wednesday.

Rhodie reported that then-Prime Minister John Vorster was initially highly skeptical about the program. However, Rhodie said the program worked so well that it resulted in a 1974 Vorster visit to President Felix Houphouët-Boigny of the Ivory Coast. Rhodie claims that meeting also was attended by President Leopold Senghor of Senegal.

The program also resulted in a visit by the South African leader to President William Tolbert of Liberia and a Vorster meeting with Zambia President Kenneth Kaunda on the bridge across the Victoria Falls.

Rhodie also described secret missions he personally carried out involving James Manham, the former prime minister and president of the Seychelles, who was overthrown in 1977. He said he twice arrived in the Indian Ocean island group "disguised as a tourist," handing over \$25,000 to the African leader on each occasion.

Both times, Rhodie said, Manham visited him at his hotel and picked up the money, taking it away the second time stuffed in a pillow slip.

Rhodie said that with the approval of his chief, Information Minister Connie Mulder, he also provided the Seychelles with a four-color printing press at a cost

of \$ 60,000 in secret funds.

Rhodie was interviewed on the French Riviera shortly before his arrest there on July 19. He is now facing extradition proceedings brought by the South African government on charges of misappropriation of state funds.

Rhodie said he needed Manham for information on how Black African leaders viewed South Africa and also hoped to obtain landing rights for South African Airlines in the Seychelles.

At a 1975 meeting in a Paris hotel, Rhodie said he struck a deal with the Seychelles leader. South Africa would give financial support to Manham in exchange for landing rights.

Rhodie said other aggressive diplomacy aimed at bringing Vorster together with the leaders of the two West African republics of Senegal and the Ivory Coast was codenamed Operation Wooden Shoe.

Vorster, said Rhodie, could not forget the failure of covert South African attempts to help secessionist Biafra in the bloody Nigerian civil war and thus establish a political bridgehead and found it difficult to believe West African leaders would see him.

Rhodie said Gen. Hendrik van den Bergh, then head of the Bureau of State Security (BOSS), had told Mulder in Rhodie's presence that South Africa was heavily involved in the Biafran conflict,



Eschel Rhodie

### Mulder's trial transferred to Supreme Court

PRETORIA, Aug. 1 (R) — The trial of sacked cabinet minister Connie Mulder on charges of refusing to testify in South Africa's slush funds scandal was transferred to the Supreme Court Wednesday.

Regional Court Magistrate Coen Stroom accepted arguments by the prosecution and defense that his court was not competent to decide on some of the issues involved. No date was set for the Supreme Court hearing.

Mulder, former minister of the interior and for information and once tipped as a future Premier, had pleaded not guilty to charges that he refused to testify before a judicial commission of inquiry into the scandal.

### Draft legislation

## Carter unveils first FBI charter

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 (R) — The Carter administration unveiled the first charter governing the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) after years of controversy over activities carried out in the name of justice.

The charter, begun in the aftermath of disclosures about FBI abuses under its legendary late director J. Edgar Hoover, came in the form of draft legislation which attempted to strike a balance between the need of law enforcement and concern for the protection of civil liberties.

### Thou Shalt Not

But Attorney General Griffin Bell said Tuesday it was not a litany of "thou shalt nots" when he announced the administration's proposals.

Such controversial investigative techniques as the use of informers, undercover agents, and, in certain circumstances, criminal activity would be restricted but not banned.

In recent years, the FBI has been the focus of controversy and criticism over its use of wire-taps, burglaries and other surreptitious and illegal activities in gathering information about Americans.

The charter was vague about what kind of activity would be permitted.

It said such conduct could be justified if the need to obtain evidence for a prosecution or to prevent or avoid death or serious

injury outweighs the seriousness of the criminal conduct.

### Violence

"The (FBI) director or his designee shall be advised whenever an informant or undercover agent participates in a crime of violence while carrying out his assignment for the FBI," it adds. The charter applies only to the domestic law enforcement and

intelligence gathering functions of the FBI's 8,000 special agents and 12,000 support staff.

The bureau's foreign intelligence and counter-intelligence activities — the FBI is also responsible for watching out for foreign spies in the United States — will be governed by a separate charter covering the entire community of U.S. agencies concerned with foreign intelligence.

## California governor close to running for presidency

LOS ANGELES, Aug. 1 (R) — California Governor Jerry Brown said Tuesday he was only a "thin thread" away from becoming a presidential candidate.

Shop-worn political thoughts were dragging the Democratic Party down to defeat in next year's election, he told a press conference.

The 41-year-old bachelor governor returned Tuesday from a one-day trip to Mexico during which a two-member exploratory committee was set up here to assess his chances of becoming the next president.

Brown gave President Jimmy Carter a fright in the 1976 election when he won five state primary elections to choose the Democratic presidential nominee.

Asked about a comment by one of his political strategists Monday that he was already a Democratic presidential contender, Brown said, "I took a very long step toward my final involvement as a candidate when I set up the exploratory committee, but I am still a thin thread away."

Asked if he felt he could defeat Sen. Edward Kennedy in a fight for the Democratic presidential nomination, Brown had a mental slip and referred in his reply to "President Kennedy."

"I have no idea whether I could defeat Mr. Kennedy and that is why I have set up an exploratory committee. But I do take President Kennedy at his word and he has said he will not stand for the presidency next year," Brown said.

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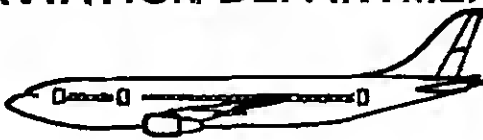
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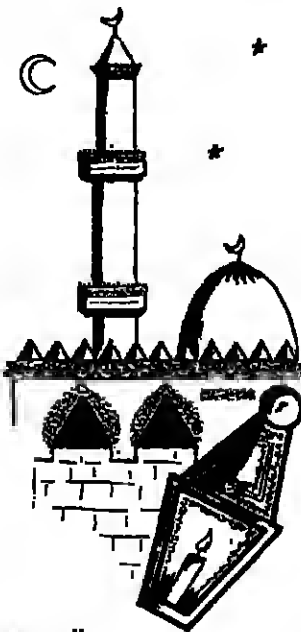
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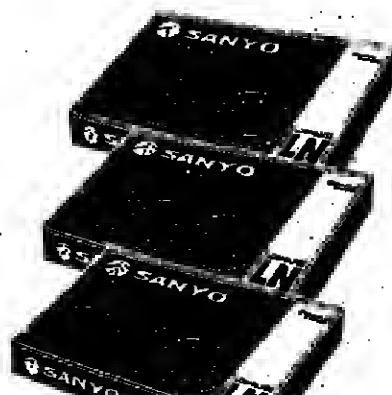
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## But men show power

## Women torpedo Russian swimmers

MOSCOW, Aug. 1 (R) — Australian Michelle Ford and Romania's Carmen Bunaciu exposed the weaknesses of the Soviet Union's women's swimming team at the Spartakiad gala which ended Tuesday night but the Soviet men showed the power which makes them the number two nation in the world.

The well-balanced Soviet men's team, including world record holder Sergei Kopylov and Vladimir Salnikov, must be overwhelming favorites to retain the Europa Cup at Lodon's Crystal Palace on Aug. 11 and 12. Even chief coach Sergei Vaichokovsky is willing to admit that.

Only Fernando Canales, the Puerto Rican who is steered in United States college competition, and Czechoslovakia butterfly specialist Miloslav Rolkow were

able to break through the Soviet men's domination in the seven-day meeting in the Lenin Stadium open-air pool, which will be replaced by a modern complex before next year's Olympics.

Ford, the 17-year-old Sydney girl who has taken most of the past year off for examinations, showed she is getting back in world class by winning three gold medals, the most of any foreigner in the Spartakiad.

She won the 800 meters in a moderate time of eight minutes 44.38 seconds Tuesday night, almost 20 seconds behind her best time last summer when she chased fellow Australian Tracy Wickham to a world record.

The 400 meters freestyle and the 200 meters butterfly medals were gained earlier, and for good measure fellow Australian Linda Hanel captured the 100 meters butterfly.

Romania's tall, slender Bunaciu won both backstroke golds, setting a national record time of 2:14.52 last night in the 200 meter event which showed the Soviet coaches that they lag behind in the butterfly and backstroke events.

Ines Diers, a 15-year-old prospect from Berlin, won two silvers and a bronze in the freestyle events but the senior East German girls stayed at home and should not be troubled by the Russians—or anyone else for that matter—in the women's Europa Cup meeting in Utrecht, Netherlands, also on Aug. 11 and 12.

The Soviet women were handicapped in Moscow by a bad case of influenza which restricted their best free styler, Larisa Tsareva, to one event and the relay.

Olga Klevakina, a rapidly-improving 17-year-old, stepped in to take the 100 and 200 meters freestyles in respectable times as well as her favourite 400 meters individual medley.

Apart from the East Germans, she will find Norway's Lene Jensen, who took the meters silver, and Birgitta Joensson of Sweden in better form at Utrecht than they showed at the Spartakiad.

Yulia Bogdanova and Lina Kaciuse, both world champions, won the 100 and 200 meter breaststroke contests for the Soviet Union in 1:10.52 and 2:30.80 and should not be troubled in Holland.

Cosch Vaichokovsky, who had predicted four world records during the Spartakiad, said he was "a little sad" that none "materialized" but the cold weather never gave swimmers a chance.

With the Soviet men, however, the picture is different, their strength runs through all strokes and in a fast indoor pool Kopylov has an excellent chance of improving his world mark in the 200 meters and Salnikov his 400 meters world record and his 1,500 meters European record.



Joe Niekro

Niekro 15-game winner  
Astros topple Giants

NEW YORK, Aug. 1 (AP) — Houston's Joe Niekro, with relief help from Joe Sambito, became Major League baseball's first 15-game winner Tuesday as Graig Reynolds' two-run triple paced the Astros to a 6-4 victory over the San Francisco Giants.

Niekro's brother Phil, who pitched for Atlanta, was also going for his 15th victory, but the Braves were beaten by San Diego 10-3.

Joe Niekro (15-6) held the Giants to two hits over six innings before a fielding error by shortstop Reynolds led to three San Francisco runs. The Giants got their other run in the ninth on an RBI single by Jack Clark.

The Astros took a 3-0 first-inning lead on a double by Terry Fuhl and consecutive singles by Enos Cabell and Jeff Lennard off Ed Whitson (4-6).

Houston chased Whitson with three more runs on only one hit in the second. Alan Ashby and Cesar Cedeno walked before Reynolds' triple to the right-field wall made it 5-0. Phil's grounder scored Reynolds.

Phil Niekro (14-13), meanwhile, was battered for 11 hits and five runs in seven innings before he was lifted for a pinch hitter. Dave Windfield did most of the damage for the Padres, driving in four runs with five hits, including a homer.

Elsewhere in the National League, Bake McBride opened the first inning with an inside-the-park home run and Nino Espinosa pitched a six-hitter as the Philadelphia Phillies defeated the Chicago Cubs 4-1.

Rudy May fired a three hit in his first start of the season, and Larry Parrish delivered a two-run homer, sending the Montreal Expos to a 5-0 victory over the St. Louis Cardinals.

Dusty Baker and Bill Russell drove in two runs each and the Los Angeles Dodgers held on to beat the Cincinnati Reds 7-6, giving Don Sutton his first victory in six weeks.

Top seeded Navratilova  
trounces Jeanne Duval

SAN DIEGO, California, Aug. 1 (AP) — Top-seeded Martina Navratilova defeated Jeanne Duval, 6-2, 6-1, Tuesday night in the second day of first-round play in a \$75,000 women's tennis tournament here.

It took just 42 minutes for the two Dallas residents to complete the match.

"On a consistency level, this is the best I've ever played," said Navratilova, the 1978 and 1979 Wimbledon Singles Champion. "I believe in myself because I keep winning. I don't feel pressure from other players. I know if I play my own game, I'll come out on top."

Virginia Wade of Great Britain ousted South African Brigitte Cuypers, 6-3, 6-1, in another first-round match Tuesday night, and third-seeded Wade said she would relish a meeting with Navratilova.

"I think I have a good chance,"



Martina Navratilova

she said. "If I have a good day I can beat her. Someone has to beat Martina sometime."

In other first-round action, Bettina Sturtevant defeated fellow Californian Stacy Margolin 1-6, 7-5, 6-3.

## In Russia

## U.S. smashes basket

MOSCOW, Aug. 1 (AP) — The U.S. men's basketball team beat Estonia 73-65 and the American women's team lost to the Russian Federal Republic 112-88 in key games Tuesday at the Spartakiad games.

The Ukraine, with a 3-0 record, appeared likely to win the group and enter the championship final against Moscow, also undefeated after three matches in group A.

But spectators watching the pre-Olympics games in Vilnius, Lithuania, still were talking about U.S. center Herb Williams' strongman feat Saturday night in the waning seconds of an 87-75 American victory over Yugoslavia.

The 2.8-meter player from

Ohio State University rammed the ball into the basket with such force that the backboard disintegrated and the hoop plummeted onto the court.

Several players involved in the fast break shielded their faces with their arms as the glass showered down. When Williams realized no one was hurt, he gleefully danced around and slapped his teammates' palms.

The United States, Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia and Poland are the four foreign teams in the men's field.

Lithuania and Latvia were leading the women's groups with 3-0 records going into Tuesday's round and appeared likely candidates for the gold medal final Friday.

## Against India

## Bob Willis to miss Test

LONDON, Aug. 1 (AP) — Fast bowler Bob Willis, an England ever present for 32 successive matches, misses the second cricket test against India, which starts at Lord's Thursday.

With Willis replaced by the prolific John Lever, England start as comprehensive favorites to take a 2-0 lead in the series and allow the selectors to begin team building over the remainder of the series.

But one of the problems facing the England selectors is to find a long-term replacement for Willis, whose test days are clearly numbered.

No young fast bowlers appear ready for Test Cricket, but some-

one might be thrown in at the deep end if in-form Lever, Mike Hendrick and Ian Botham struggle against the Indians on a good Lord's pitch.

England won the first test with considerable ease, but the Indians have slowly improved.

In Viswanath and Gavaskar, they have two batsmen capable of batting all day if they settle in, and two other very good ones in Vengsarkar and Yashpal Sharma.

Sharma seems certain to take over from Gawkwad after raising his tour average to the mid-80s after hitting 111 against Somerset at Taunton.



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## South Africa's pass: Passport to nothing

By Jack Feiste

JOHANNESBURG —

A gray truck with wire grillwork over its windows stopped at a corner in suburban Rosebank and four uniformed policemen got out. Dispersing into side streets, they began stopping blacks and asking to see their Dompas, the documents that permit them to be in a white area.

Such challenges can occur anywhere, at any time, and can be conducted by the lowest-ranking official of the white minority government.

On occasion, a white man not connected with the government, suspicious of or irritated by a black's behavior, will make a citizen's challenge. Such confrontations are illegal, but few blacks will risk compounding their problems by refusing to comply. Most will meekly hand over the Dompas, or passbook, for inspection.

The book identifies the bearer by name and tribe. It indicates whether he or she was married in a church or by "native custom." It lists tax payments and employers, and carries the employer's signature. Black and blue in color, the size and shape of a checkbook, it controls a black person's life from age 16 until death.

When challenged, a black person must have his "book of life" with him, and it must order, or he will go jail.

The challenge is one of many uncertainties of daily life for black people in South Africa. The minister in charge of black relations, Pieter Koorhof, has said that he plans to moderate the restrictions on the presence and movement of blacks within white areas. But in recent months the restrictions have in fact been tightened.

Pass raids have increased, and have been extended to places where blacks work and even to Soweto, the huge black township outside Johannesburg.

Government officials acknowledge that their aim is to enforce the "influx control" laws and others that determine where a black may live and work, even what sort of work he may do. The raids are designed to return to their tribal homelands the unemployed, the illegally employed, the squatters.

Recent raids have resulted in, among other things, the following:

— A black woman was told that she must marry if she wanted to go on living in her dead husband's house.

— A domestic servant woman was charged with

## Painful switch to civilian rule

By Charles A. Krause

LA PAZ, Bolivia — Plans to transfer power next month from Bolivia's military rulers to a democratically elected government are putting President Jimmy Carter's human-rights policy on the spot, according to politicians and diplomats here.

Bolivia, the poorest country in South America, expects substantial U.S. economic aid in return for holding free elections and scrapping 15 years of military rule.

However, U.S. diplomats here say that despite promoting human rights and democracy in Central and South America for the past two years, the United States is not in a position to offer Bolivia the amounts of new economic assistance or other rewards that Bolivians anticipate.

"There is still some flexibility (in U.S. aid programs), but not what we need," said one high-ranking American diplomat here. "It's a part of our human-rights policy where our mechanisms are not where our mouths are."

Yet without this aid, most Bolivian politicians — from Marcelo Quiroga Santa Cruz on the left to Waldo Cerruto on the right — believe that a democratic government will be unable to cope with the country's economic crisis, which threatens political stability here.

As it is, governments in Bolivia tend to rise and fall with the seasons. There was a military coup last summer, and another one late last fall.

Now, however, many Bolivians appear to be fed up with military rule. Both Bolivian and foreign observers believe that if the new democratic government is overthrown, another military regime could run into armed opposition.

For these reasons and because many people here believe the Carter administration was instrumental in persuading the military here to hold elections, many Bolivian politicians will blame the United States if they are forced, once in office, to take severe austerity measures, which they believe would foment unrest.

"It is in the interest of the United States to support Bolivia," Quiroga Santa Cruz said in an interview. "This is the first country to go through this process. It's very important because it will set a precedent."

The scheduled elections will make Bolivia the first South American country since 1973 to trade a

military dictatorship for a democracy.

But Bolivia's economic plight and its history of revolving-door governments has aroused a measure of pessimism.

Middle class Bolivians, even those who are disgusted with the military and want a return to democracy, have begun to prepare for what they believe will be inevitable violence after the new elected government is installed Aug. 6.

They have begun to stock up on sugar, wheat, crackers, kerosene for cooking and bottled water because many of them see strikes, violence and possibly a civil war in the making. Unless the United States provides immediate aid of up to \$100 million quickly, some Bolivians believe, the economy will deteriorate within weeks or months after the new government assumes power.

While some American diplomats here express concern, the official view of the embassy seems to be that, whatever the Bolivians may think and expect from the United States, there never were any promises made.

The Carter administration does want Bolivia to become a democracy on Aug. 6, these diplomats say, and Rosalynn Carter will probably lead an official delegation to demonstrate this concern.

However, a massive and quick transfusion of unrestricted aid seems to be out of the question. Bolivia already receives up to \$60 million a year from the United States, one of the largest aid programs in the hemisphere.

If the new democratic government takes office as scheduled, the United States, according to American diplomats here, will probably respond with some additional assistance, and help refinance Bolivia's \$2.5 billion foreign debt.

Interest on this debt, according to the Bolivian government and diplomatic observers, will account for almost \$300 million of the country's expected \$400 million balance of payments deficit this year.

To make matters worse for Bolivia's floundering economy and the United States' image here, the U.S. House of Representatives has passed a bill that would authorize the sale of 35,000 tons of tin from U.S. strategic stockpiles. The senate now is considering the measure which has administration backing.

It has been estimated that the sales could undercut the price of tin by \$1 a pound, which would cost Bolivia \$100 million year. Tin is Bolivia's main export. — (WP)

## A WAY OF LIFE

Through the mutawaf in the Board for the Encouragement of Virtue and the Elimination of Vice is cracking down on Saudi shops in order to remove all of those things considered to be inconsistent with the teachings of Islam.

Expatriates here might possibly be "shocked" or "disgusted" to know that mirrors, pictures and tailors' dummies are included among the many things discouraged by Islam.

By such expressions many foreigners in particular living in Saudi Arabia, and non-Muslim people in general, probably will not be so late to describe this "desert Kingdom," as the most backward and fanatical nation of all.

Some further conclude that Saudi society will, in the "very near future," witness its own demise, or perhaps become ravaged by a bloody cultural upheaval.

Non-Muslim analysts may at the same time attempt to chart the decline of Islam, basing their own projections on "the peoples' resentment" against the banning of prostitution, capital interest and beverage alcohol.

In looking at these allegations by the "farsighted analysts," the "well-informed observers," and "experts in Oriental studies" and so forth, one is inclined to ask where is the ideal way of life to be found?

In the cities of the industrialized world? Is it "ideal" for a family to spend its holiday in the "sexland" of downtown Copenhagen; London's Soho or Place de Pigalle, Paris? Can it be called a "modern way of life" to take a summer vacation nude in the islands of the Mediterranean, the Caribbean or Scandinavia?

Ironically, the "observers" and "analysts" have in fact already forecast a decline of morality standards in so-called developed countries.

Government and private bodies in the West almost boast now of their latest statistics for murder, rape, theft, arson, divorce, adultery and suicides.

We wonder if these Western societies are happy with the widespread sinfulness in their own midst? If they are not, why then should they express disgust or shock at what Saudi Arabia does to encourage spiritual discipline and the protection of virtue?

Saudi Arabia is, after all, still a young country evolving along the paths of its own righteousness and making firm the foundations of its spiritual and economic progress.

Before the country was unified in 1926 by King Abdul Aziz, Saudi Arabia was a safe haven for outlaws, highwaymen and cutthroats, while today the country enjoys civil stability envied by many countries in the Western world.

If it should happen that some expatriates find themselves under provocation in our local society, then this may be attributed only to their own unawareness of Saudi Arabia's ancient traditions and high moral considerations and the sanctity of the Islamic way of life.

## U.S.-USSR detente: Flight of fancy?

By Ronald Reagan

LOS ANGELES —

When historians look back at the debate over SALT II and the evolving relationship between the president and the Senate in the formulation of American foreign policy in the 1970s, I suspect that a certain speech by Sen. Henry Jackson will be among the most quoted documents.

The speech I am referring to is the senator's address on SALT II to a Democratic political group on June 12, in which he compared American policy toward the Soviet Union today to Great Britain's policy of "appeasement" toward Hitler's Germany in the 1930s.

Jackson's continued references to American "appeasement" of the Soviets in his speech shocked the administration and many of the senator's Democratic colleagues in Congress. The news media provided extensive coverage of Jackson's speech, and it has been analyzed and discussed ever since.

It was not Sen. Jackson's hard-line anti-Soviet position that surprised his colleagues. Jackson has never hedged on his advocacy of a strong American posture vis-a-vis the Soviet Union. What caught the Washington political establishment off guard was the ferocity of Jackson's attack on the current direc-

tion of American foreign policy and in the SALT II agreements.

Jackson's speech may be the most vivid illustration since the days of the Vietnam War of the deep division of opinion among recognized experts within our foreign policy establishment. The fact that this particular speech was made by Sen. Jackson, a loyal Democrat, also provides a dramatic reminder to many Democrats that the spectrum of foreign policy thought within their own party is wider than they had imagined.

Sen. Jackson's remarks on "appeasement," which so strayed the press and the Washington establishment, obscured the thoughtful analysis of recent U.S.-Soviet relations which his speech offers.

Jackson views the past seven years in the history of U.S.-Soviet relations (the years since the Moscow summit of 1972) as the testing of a proposition that "despite the lessons of history, it is possible to achieve accommodation with a totalitarian superpower through negotiated agreements." It has been the testing of this idealistic proposition that has motivated three national administrations — two Republican and one Democratic — to not only continue the process of arms talks, but to enter into agreement with the Soviets for the exchange of science and technology, medicine, art and educa-

tion — "detente."

What are the results of our seven-year trial with this proposition? Sen. Jackson's tally sheet does not provide an encouraging picture.

"In the last seven years," Jackson said, "we and the Soviet Union have gone jointly into space. The Soviet Union has gone alone into Ethiopia. We have encouraged peace in the Middle East. The Soviets have encouraged war in Southeast Asia. We have encouraged human rights around the world. The Soviets have trampled human rights at home."

Jackson cites one troubling example in which a Department of Commerce official, Lawrence Brady, could lose his job after confirming before a Congressional committee the now-public knowledge that the Kama River truck plant near Moscow, which was built with U.S.-supplied equipment and technology, is now producing diesel engines for military vehicles.

The discussion of these and other aspects of recent U.S.-Soviet relations by Sen. Jackson in his June 12 speech will remain overshadowed by his remarks on "appeasement."

If nothing else, the forcefulness of Jackson's remarks serves as a sharp reminder to the administration and the Democratic Party of the gulf which separates important foreign policy spokesmen on the issue of SALT II. — (KFS)

## saudi press review

Several newspapers led with a report on clashes between the Arab Deterrent Force and the militias in Beirut. One paper led with the reported American ignorance of Israeli objections over the international control body in Sinai, while another carried Carter-Waldheim talks on the Middle East as its lead story.

Newspapers also frontpaged Iraqi events, quoting an Iraqi source as saying there have been no executions so far following the reported coup. Moroccan King Hassan's projected visit to Arab states next September was highlighted in some of the newspaper.

Newspapers also reported that King Khalid has sent a message to the United Arab Emirates' President Sheikh Zayed bin Sultan Al Nahyan, dealing with matters of common concern and the Arab situation.

In an editorial on the relations between Saudi Arabia and Zaire, "Al-Medina" said both were bound by the ties of friendship and therefore "it would not be strange if President Mobutu of Zaire praised King Khalid and Crown Prince Fahd and lauded Saudi government efforts in assisting his country in its development plans."

"The Kingdom's assistance to Zairean Muslims has apparently prompted President Mobutu to appeal to other Islamic states to help Muslims in Zaire build mos-

important achievement of bilateral relations.

"Al-Riyadh" felt strongly that wealthy businessmen should invest their capital in local projects rather than buy hotels, construct buildings and maintain farms in foreign countries. "The capital invested outside the country could be used in similar projects in the country, through which both the investor and his native country could benefit at the same time."

The paper said the matter did not concern any businessman of a specific country, but in fact it applies to all the Gulf states. While it conceded that the scope for local investments was very narrow, it stressed that efforts must be made to attract local investment to the maximum possible limit.

"The Kingdom took an effective step in ending a stalemate in the field of investments; it created a number of investment projects and invited the citizens to partici-

pate in those projects along with its own participation. In fact, the government is working under a planned program to encourage the national capital to be invested in local projects," it said.

"Kuwait has now allowed the circulation of the shares of the Gulf companies in its money markets, but has asked for similar action from other Gulf states." The paper said it was a positive gesture in the interest of Gulf economies, as it would confine investments within the Gulf region to a larger degree. "A Gulf Common Market will certainly be instrumental in mapping investment and productive plans for the general good of the region," the paper said.

Referring to Saudi aid to Lebanese organizations and the Palestine Red Crescent, "Al-Nadwa" said in an editorial that, "such aids provide some assistance to the charitable societies in their humanitarian activities, and that the Kingdom's attitude

toward Lebanon has all along been one of a staunch supporter who would never spare efforts to bring it back to its previous position of peace and prosperity."

The paper maintained, however, that any assistance or efforts would only be considered as a complementary activity, since the main effort has to be made by the Lebanese themselves. "The events have proved that in order to find a desired solution, the legitimacy of the Lebanese authority must be conceded so that it should work effectively to restore normalcy," the paper stressed.

In the view of "Al-Jazirah," the postponement of the Security Council debate on the Palestine issue "may provide an opportunity to the international, Arab, European and American stances to be more clear, so that each party comes forward with a practical and constructive initiative toward the settlement of the Arab-Israeli conflict."





# Early pictures of Arabia: land of danger, romance and mystery



Romantic image of the Arabs (late 19th-century) from "The Parlor Song Book" Joe Samblino

"The Arabs and the English," by Sari J. Nasir, Longmans, London, 1976. 175 pp. 7.95 pounds sterling.

By F.W. Rawding  
JEDDAH — Dr. Sari J. Nasir, an Arab from Palestine, was born and educated in Jerusalem. He has both studied and taught at universities in the United States and he is now chairman of the Department of Sociology and Philosophy at the University of Jordan.

## BOOKS

His book in some ways parallels Robin Bidwell's "Travelers in Arabia" and Peter Brent's "Far Arabia" (both reviewed in these columns), in that it provides a summary of the activities and findings of all the principal travelers from the West in the Arab world from the earliest times to the present day.

Nasir's special purpose, however, is to analyse the accounts of mainly British travelers in the Levant and Arabia, and to see how far their works have influenced the formation of the attitudes and prejudices about Arabs of all the English-speaking



peoples. Thus the English or the title. Because Arabs have been occupying the news for several

years, Nasir argues that it is important to know what English-speaking attitudes to Arabs are, and how they have been formed. The portrayal of the Arab culture and personality which the travelers produced, therefore, is crucial to this analysis.

What ought to be called to mind before examining Nasir's book, though, is the fact that, as a rule, Western travelers penetrated the Arab world uninvited, sometimes in disguise, frequently as agents of foreign powers and always, when visiting the Holy Cities, flying into the face of the most solemn prohibitions.

It is not therefore to be wondered that then travelers often aroused suspicion and hatred. Perhaps we should wonder more, in the circumstances, when they report of friendship, kindness and hospitality. The tension and alle-



Edward William Lane: he translated the "Arabian Nights" into English in 1840

nation which most of them felt was only because they insisted on going there.

The irritation produced by prejudiced and tendentious reports, which most of us feel when our nations and therefore ourselves are misrepresented, comes across in Nasir's book. It is none worse

share of human weaknesses. Perhaps too, they should not be sensitive about criticism, since they share that too, with the Greeks, the Romans and all the more recent peoples who have shaken the world.

Nasir recalls that the first accounts of merchants, scholars

clearly showed how much he esteemed their language and culture. This esteem, apparently, surprised many contemporary Englishmen, because they had been led to believe that Arabs "were incapable of any significant achievements."

The 19th-century, Nasir suggests, produced the Romantic image, and he takes the reader through a symposium of the literature to prove his point. Burton's attitude is evidently ambivalent. So is Doughty's. Sometimes the latter's Arabs are "disdainful and cruel," sometimes "humane and hospitable."

Of course, this ambivalence



for that, however, and it is clearly a subject about which the author feels deeply. Nevertheless his work is balanced and fair.

He goes back to the very earliest sources of information about Arabia and the Arabs contained in the classical writings of Herodotus, Strabo and Pliny. These reports are essentially neutral in tone. Some of the earliest references to the Arabs as a source of danger, Nasir points out, occur in religious books. Thus opinions were early influenced.

Early unfavorable references to Islam were made in the writings of John of Damascus, a contemporary of the Prophet Muhammad, and these inevitably colored uninformed opinion. The great success of the Arab Empire must have sent shock waves all around the world, and the Crusades were soon to bring Islam and Christianity into conflict. Both sides had a poor view of the culture of the other.

Gradually, the Europeans



began to notice, appreciate and copy some of the attractive features of Arab culture. Other travelers too — especially Marco Polo — colored the view of the West about Arabs and Islam, painting a picture of danger, romance and mystery, perhaps to enhance their own reputations.

Nasir suggests that the ambivalent opinion of the English about the Arabs was of very early origins. He traces it back as far as the 12th-century, when Adelard of Bath and Mandeville produced almost opposite views. Adelard, "the pioneer of Arabic learning in



the West," was a notable admirer of the Arabs and their culture while Mandeville, a traveler, described them as "cruel and evil," though he speaks highly of their courage, strength and independence of mind.

One supposes, if the old adage is true, that "only a great people have great faults." It should not be really surprising that the Arabs, unarguably a great people by any historical, philosophical and artistic standards (not to mention religion), should be seen to have their



19th-century Arabian travelers Wilfred and Lady Anne Blunt



Sir Richard Burton: to him deserts were colorful and exciting

We are often polite to strangers and less than kind to those we love.

Nasir's carefully-researched work covers all the literature which he quotes to support the case that the English view of the Arabs is wide of the mark. One could suggest equally well from the evidence, however, that there is no English view, but a variety of opinions based upon more or less subjective experience.

The 20th-century brings into play the forces of blatant Western imperialism and Zionism, one giving a patronizing picture of the

Arabs, the other a wilfully distorted one. In the latter half of the present century the cinema, too, conspired to give a false picture of the Arabs. Nasir does not add that it gave a false view of the English, the Germans, the Americans and everyone else besides.

However, this is an interesting and thought-provoking book, well illustrated and documented, and Nasir hopes that further contacts between Arabs and English-speaking peoples will help the process of understanding. To this we can all add "Amen".



Cinema influence: Heartthrob Valentino played an Arab in "Son of the Sheik" (1926)



Adoration for Lawrence (Peter O'Toole) by Sharif Ali (Omar Sharif) in "Lawrence of Arabia" (1962)

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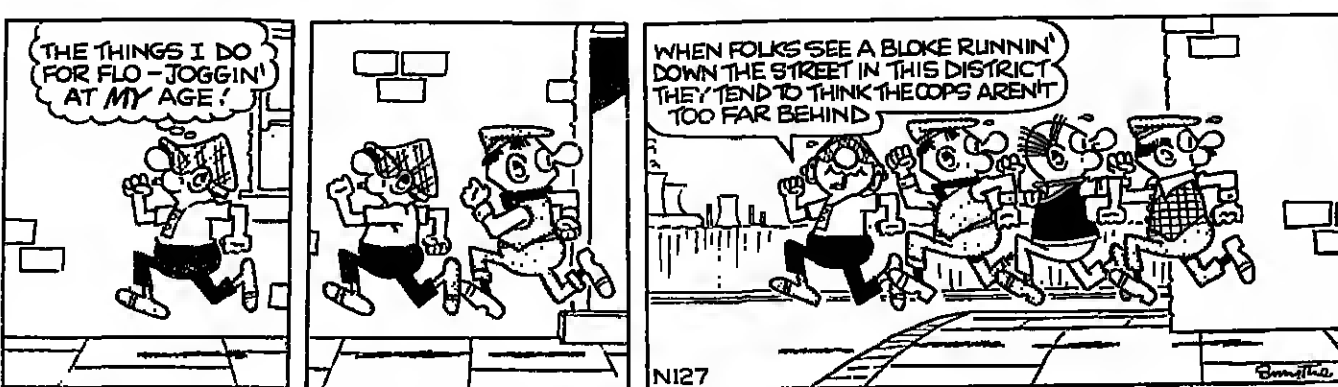
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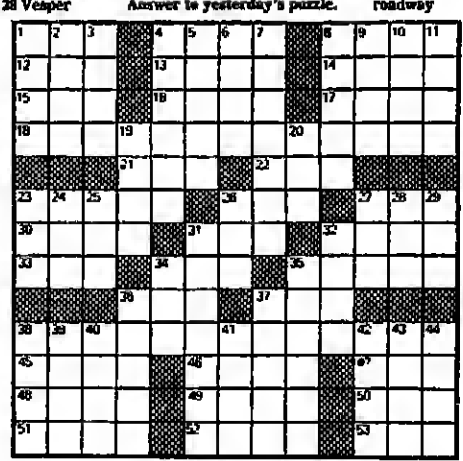


## CROSSWORD PUZZLE

## Crossword By Eugene Sheffer

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1 Scientist's  
4 Race units  
6 Gator  
12 Bullfight  
13 "I cannot  
14 Occasion  
15 Paddle  
16 Row  
17 Public bones  
18 Fish bait  
19 Shoe width  
22 Fido, for  
23 Quilt  
24 Born  
27 Shade tree  
28 Egg-shaped  
31 Proposal  
32 Region  
33 Prohibit  
34 Unit of work  
35 French  
36 Boxing great  
37 Downcast  
38 Vaguer

DOWN  
2 Not the  
3 Corn  
5 Wooded  
7 Period  
8 Supporting  
9 Badger  
10 Sea bird  
11 Famous  
12 Wading  
13 Word with  
14 place or  
15 noun  
16 Molar  
17 Verdi opera  
18 Actor  
19 Included  
20 Mountain  
21 Range  
22 Millay  
23 Schenck  
24 Ingredient  
25 Roof border  
26 Heredity  
27 Vehicle  
28 Period of  
29 Famed canal  
30 Inclined  
31 Roadway



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PKCC YP KXBXWC SQXJBR

Yesterday's Cryptquip - WILL MERRY-ANDREW DRAW MANY WISE SMILES!

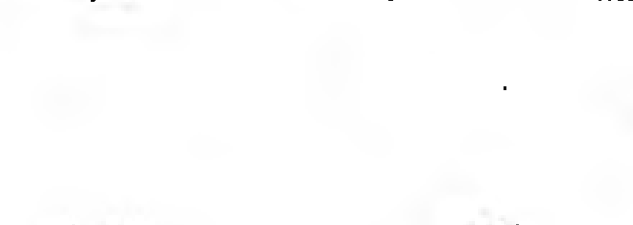
Today's Cryptquip clue: It equals 2

The Cryptquip is a simple substitution cipher in which each letter used stands for another. If you think that X equals O, it will equal O throughout the puzzle. Single letters, short words, and words using an apostrophe can give you clues to locating vowels. Solution is accomplished by trial and error.

## Believe It or Not!



**NIKOLA TESLA (1857-1943)**  
DISCOVERER OF ALTERNATING CURRENT  
FOUND THAT HE COULD VISUALIZE THE  
COMPLETED PICTURE OF ANY STRUCTURE  
DOWN TO THE LAST NUT AND SCREW—  
AFTER SUFFERING A SEVERE  
ATTACK OF EPILEPSY

PHYSICIANS  
IN ANCIENT EGYPT WERE  
ACCOMPANIED ON HOUSE  
CALLS BY AN AIDE WHO  
READ DIRECTIONS FOR EACH  
TREATMENT FROM A SCROLL

Contract Bridge B. Jay Becker

You've Got to Have Faith

North dealer.  
Both sides vulnerable.

NORTH  
♠ K 5 5  
♥ K J 10 4  
♦ A K 9 6 2  
♣ Q

EAST  
♠ A Q J 9 3  
♥ 7 5  
♦ Q 10  
♣ 9 5 4 3 2

SOUTH  
♠ A  
♥ A Q 9 7 5 2  
♦ 9 8 3  
♣ A K 6

The bidding:  
North East South West  
1♣ Pass 1♥ Pass  
3♥ Pass 6♥  
Opening lead - jack of clubs.

It is always relaxing to play against defenders who never take a trick, and many contracts can be salvaged if their signals to each other can be taken at face value.

Consider this deal where West leads a club against six hearts. At first blush, there seems to be absolutely nothing to the play. You plan to draw trumps and lead a spade toward dummy's king. You would surely go down if you did that.

Instead, you should first cash dummy's A-K of diamonds, return to your hand with a trump, then cash the A-K of clubs, discarding the 6-5 of spades from dummy. Now you lead a spade to the singleton king.

East wins with the ace but is compelled to yield a ruff and discard, whether he returns a spade or a club. So you wind up making the slam because you showed sublime faith in the integrity of your fellow man.

**DON'T MISS IT**  
Saudi business  
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every Saturday.

## ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

## PRAYERS TIMES

Thursday	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	4:36	6:01	12:34	3:53	7:02	9:02
Medina	4:29	5:50	12:34	4:02	7:07	9:07
Nejd	4:02	5:29	12:07	3:52	6:38	8:38

## DHANRAN TV

4:30 Childrens Show	Electric Co.: 464, New Filanstones:
5:42 Animal Secrets	Show: 6 the Loving Cup
6:06 Greatest Sports Legends:	The Beginnings
6:28 The Waltons	Elin Baylor
7:15 Randall & Hopkirk	The Long Night
	When Did You Start to Stop Seeing Things?
Safety Film	Pool Safety
8:15 Kojak	The Summer of 69' Part 2
9:01 Theater of Stars	Nightmare

## WEATHER

Forecast for the next 24 hours:  
Pleasant weather over the western and southwestern highlands, where patches of low clouds will offer chances of sporadic thunder-showers. Generally moderate weather is likely to prevail over other regions, as surface winds blow northerly to northwesterly at moderate speed raising occasional dust and sands over parts of the central, eastern and northeastern regions.

Sea conditions will be calm to moderate in the territorial waters.

\*\*\*\*\*

Wednesday's temperature: (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mecca	37	29	Tahuk	37	22
Jeddah	35	27	Turiff	35	15
Riyadh	40	27	Arar	39	19
Dhanran	38	32	Rafha	39	17
Medina	41	29	Bisha	38	26
Thif	34	24	Abha	30	16

## SAUDI RADIO

On FM at 98 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band  
On SW at 11.855 Mhz in 25 meter band

## THURSDAY

## Afternoon Transmission

1:00 Opening  
1:01 Holy Quran  
1:05 Reflections on Fasting  
1:10 This Week's Landmark  
1:20 Top of the Pops  
1:50 Classical Music  
2:20 On Islam  
2:30 Jazz Music  
3:00 NEWS  
3:10 Press Review  
3:15 Music  
3:20 Islam the Divine Truth  
3:30 Selection of Music  
3:50 Closedown

## Evening Transmission

9:00 Opening

9:01 Holy Quran  
9:05 A Message of Ramadan  
9:10 Light Music  
9:15 Music Worldwide  
9:45 Eve and her World  
9:55 Music  
10:00 Life in Ramadan  
10:05 Youth Welfare  
10:10 Music  
10:15 NEWS  
10:25 S. Chronicle  
10:30 The Evening Show  
11:00 Imp., Com. & Recollections  
11:10 Music  
11:15 Nashville  
11:45 A Rendezvous with Dreams  
12:00 Closedown

## VOA

## P.M.

8:00 News Roundup:  
Reports: Actualities:  
Opinion: Analyses  
8:30 Dateline  
News Summary  
9:00 Special English:  
News: Feature, The  
Making of a Nation  
News Summary  
9:30 Music USA:  
(Standards)  
10:00 News Roundup:  
Reports: Actualities

11:05 Opening: Analyses  
News Summary  
10:30 VOC Magazine:  
America: Science:  
Cultural: Letter  
11:00 Special English: News  
11:30 Music USA: (Jazz)  
VOA WORLD REPORT  
Midnight  
12:00 News newsmakers:  
voices correspondents  
reports background  
features media comments  
news analyses.

## BBC

## Morning Transmission

8:00 World News  
8:09 Twenty-Four Hours  
News Summary  
8:30 Sarah Ward  
8:45 World Today  
9:00 Newsdesk  
9:30 Opera Star  
10:00 World News  
10:09 Twenty-Four Hours  
News Summary  
10:30 Sarah Ward  
10:45 Something to Show You  
11:00 World News  
11:09 Reflections  
11:15 Piano Style  
11:30 Brain of Britain 1978  
12:00 World News  
12:09 British Press Review  
12:15 World Today  
12:30 Financial News  
12:40 Look Ahead  
12:45 The Tony Myatt

## Evening Transmission

1:15 Ulster in Focus  
1:30 Discovery  
2:00 World News  
2:09 News about Britain  
2:15 Alphabet of Musical  
Curios  
2:30 Sports International  
2:40 Radio Newsreel  
3:15 Promenade Concert  
3:45 Sports Round-up  
4:00 World News

## 24 Hours

4:09 Twenty-Four Hours:  
News Summary  
4:30 The Pleasure's Yours  
5:15 Report on Religion  
6:00 Radio Newsreel  
6:15 Outlook  
7:00 World News  
7:09 Commentary  
7:15 Sherlock Holmes  
7:45 World Today  
8:00 World News  
8:09 Books and Writers  
8:30 Take One  
8:45 Sports Round-up  
9:00 World News  
9:09 News about Britain  
9:15 Radio Newsreel  
9:30 Farming World  
10:00 Outlook News Summary  
10:30 Stock Market Report  
10:43 Look Ahead  
10:45 Ulster in Focus  
11:00 World News  
11:09 Twenty-Four Hours:  
News Summary  
12:15 Talkabout  
12:45 Nature Notebook  
1:00 World News  
1:09 World Today  
1:25 Financial News  
1:35 Book Choice  
1:40 Reflections  
1:45 Sports Round-up  
2:00 World News  
2:09 Commentary  
2:15 The Face of England

## Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake

FOR THURSDAY, AUGUST 2, 1979

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

**ARIES** (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You could be agitated with an adviser about finances. Avoid lecturing friends about their behavior. Relax and let go of resentments.

**SCORPIO** (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Watch out for dubious financial or business propositions. Moderate your course and avoid extremes in self-assertion or secretiveness.

**SAGITTARIUS** (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Avoid fantasizing about the future. A close ally may be inwardly ill at ease. A friend may seem a trifle possessive of your company.

**CAPRICORN** (Dec. 22 to Jan. 19) A romantic encounter may not live up to expectations. Be less impressionable. Don't snap at friends because of a heavy workload.

**AQUARIUS** (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18) Friends may be distracting now. Don't involve self in those wasting activity. Business mixed with pleasure may not go as planned.

**PISCES** (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) Praise you seek re a career effort may not be forthcoming. Don't expect others to be grateful. Do your best to avoid domestic disputes.



# Skilled jobless offer services where Aztecs founded Mexico



SOMETIMES a job may be only a telephone call away.



UNEMPLOYED tradesmen offer their services by the roadside in the famous Zocalo Plaza.

Unemployed tradesmen in Mexico City are reduced to offering their services by the roadside in the famous Zocalo Plaza where tradition has it the Aztecs founded Mexico in 1325.

With their shingles and tool-boxes lined up against the fine railings which protect the city's National Cathedral, Mexico's out-of-work artisans have become something of a bizarre and tragic tourist attraction in a country where unemployment is reportedly nudging 50 per cent.

But while the tourist industry gains some marginal spin-off from the daily parade of plumbers and electricians in this city of 15 million people, it does little for the plight of the skilled jobless.

Mexico is being drawn into world energy affairs — some would say much too quickly — on account of its vast proven oil reserves of more than 200 billion barrels — unofficial estimates put the figure as high as 700 billion barrels — while its unemployment problems become more and more acute.

Pictures and text by Harry Turnbull



SCHOOL WORK and Chiclets on the steps of the Metro.



TOURISM does little to help Mexico's jobless.



THE SHINGLES and tool-boxes of Mexico City's out-of-work artisans.



THE AGONY OF DEFEAT: Only three meters from the finish line, the tray tumbled out of this waiter's hands during the annual Paris race for French waiters earlier this summer. The waiter's look says it all.



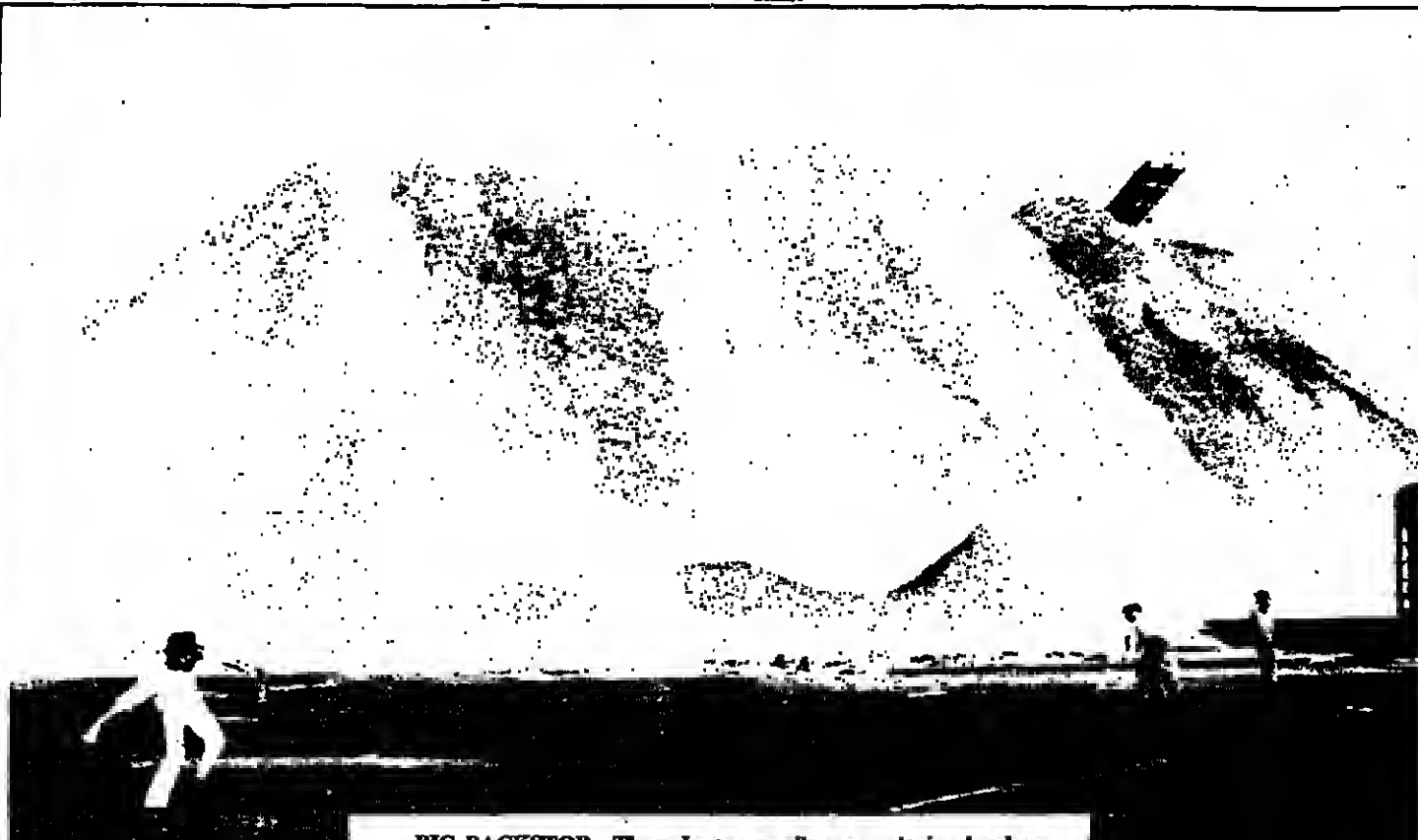
OOPS!: Just clowning around. Actually, this sinking boat at the Aquatic Center in Florida is meant to be a demonstration of what happens when you put too big of an engine on too small of a boat.



QUICK HAIRDO: Sophia Loren undoubtedly has to spend hours at the beauty parlor to get that long-tousled look she is famed for. But here it's not the real Sophia getting the hairdo, but her dummy at Madame Tussaud's collection in London.



TORCHED: A new asbestos fire-proof material developed to shield cables on American space stations may soon be in general use. Here the material — celus — is being demonstrated by a woman whose finger feels no pain in spite of the best efforts of the blowtorch.



BIG BACKSTOP: These Japanese sailors are playing heads up ball in front of an enormous pile of sawdust sitting on a pier at California's inland port of Stockton. Usually thrown away in America, the Japanese have recently exhibited an interest in the sawdust, and have begun importing it in large quantities.

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## ScanDutch

VESSEL	VOY	CARGO-SERVICE	ARR DATE	E.T.D.
SELANDIA	940	CONTAINERS	08/8-79	03/8
HONDO	438	CNTRS/B.BULK	08/8-79	09/8
SUMBAWA	18	CNTRS/B.BULK	26/8-79	27/8
NEDLLOYD WILLEMSKERK	378	CNTRS/B.BULK	07/9-79	08/9
TVSLA	28	CNTRS/B.BULK	28/9-79	29/9

Importers with cargo on above VESSELS are requested to obtain Delivery Orders from our Office without delay against submission of Original Bill of Lading.

The Owners/Agents will not be responsible for any delays in the receipt of delivery order and subsequent delay in picking up the cargo in the port.

Please note that a deposit of Sr.1,000.- per container is required in order to issue delivery order.

**BINZAGR BARBER**  
Binzagr Saudi Shipping Co. Ltd. Telephone: 33052 - 49120  
NEXT TO GURJAT POLICE STATION. Telex: 401818 BINZGR SJ

## DAFRA LINES

VESSEL	VOY	CARGO-SERVICE	ARR DATE	E.T.D.
SKOTLAND	923	CONTAINERS	02/8-79	3/8
VINLAND	925	CONTAINERS	14/8-79	15/8
SKOTLAND	927	CONTAINERS	01/9-79	02/9
VINLAND	929	CONTAINERS	14/9-79	15/9
SKOTLAND	931	CONTAINERS	30/9-79	30/9

Importers with cargo on above VESSELS are requested to obtain Delivery Orders from our Office without delay against submission of Original Bill of Lading.

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## Gas rationing plan linked to thermostat issue by Congress

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 (AP) —

The U.S. House of Representatives is ready to give President Jimmy Carter the gas-rationing authority he wants, but only at a price he may be unwilling to pay: repeal of part of his month-old mandatory thermostat-setting program.

The House was to meet Wednesday to complete action on the rationing legislation after voting on it and giving Carter the latest in a long string of unwelcome energy surprises late Tuesday.

The 234-189 vote would reverse last Wednesday's approval of a Republican sponsored amendment which would have given Congress two chances to block any rationing plan drafted by the president.

It followed heavy lobbying from the White House and Democratic leaders.

And it put the rationing plan back on course, increasing the likelihood that Congress could send the measure to Carter by the end of the week.

But the bill's floor manager, Rep. John Dingell, (D-Michigan), says adoption of the thermostat-law rollback has added new controversy to the legislation and again put its passage in jeopardy.

And leaders are no longer as optimistic that the legislation can be submitted to Carter by the end of the week — the start of the month-long congressional summer recess.

The apparent rationing victory the House gave Carter Tuesday night was short-lived. It was followed by a 267-152 vote to repeal the law championed by Carter requiring commercial buildings to set their thermostats

**DJIA gains 7.68**

## Market on positive territory all day

NEW YORK, Aug. 1 — The market continued throughout Tuesday in its positive momentum set early in the trading session. At the closing bell the Dow Jones industrial average had advanced 7.68 to 846.42, transports rose 2.44 to 254.53, and utilities added .78. Volume of trading for the day was 34.5 million shares. Breadth was on the positive side as gainers

outnumbered losers 989 to 470. The American Exchange Index lost .61 on the day to close at 198.69. U.S. farm prices rose 75% in July versus a 1% loss in June.

The most active issues for the day: Pan Am off 1/4 to 7 3/4, Mide gained 2 1/4 to 28 1/4, IBM rose 1/4 to 69 3/4, Kaiser Aluminum up 1/4 to 18 1/4, Schlumberger off 1/4 to 48 1/4, Remco rose 1/4 to 12 1/4, Clark Equipment up 1/4 to 30 1/4, United Nuclear off 1/4 to 22 1/4, and U.S. Industries up 1/4 to 10.

growth and gains turned in a positive performance with Johnson and Johnson up 1/4 to 72 1/4.



Jimmy Carter

at no less than 78 degrees Fahrenheit (25 C) in the summer and no more than 65 F (18 C) in the winter.

That law has been in force only since July 1, but member after member took to the floor of the House — itself held at an energy-saving 78 degrees — to complain about how uncomfortable Americans have been under the law.

After the House vote on the rationing bill, Sen. Democratic leader Robert Byrd said the Senate stands ready to act quickly on it.

## Herrera defends OPEC U.S. oil policy assailed

CARACAS, Aug. 1 (AP) —

President Luis Herrera Campins has accused the United States of trying to conserve its oil reserves while consuming the reserves of developing nations at low prices.

Herrera also said Monday that the world's industrialized nations are unjustly blaming their economic woes on the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries, conveniently forgetting that they were suffering from inflation and recession before

OPEC raised prices in late 1973. Speaking before the opening session of the fifth annual meeting of the Latin American Economic System, Herrera reserved his harshest criticism for the United States.

He said the continuing weakening of the dollar since 1971 has plunged the international monetary system into "chaos."

"All that is ignored in order to make OPEC look like the bad guy in the movies," he said.

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## FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Currency	Rate
U.S. Dollar	3.3685
Pound Sterling	7.59
100 Deutsche Mark	183.84
Dutch Guilder	167.62
100 Swiss Franc	263.15
100 French Franc	79.16
Belgian Franc	11.72
1000 Italian Lira	4.16
100 Danish Kroner	64.10
Swedish Kroner	80.39
100 Norwegian Kroner	66.97
100 Japanese Yen	15.59
Egyptian Pound	4.69
Kuwaiti Dinar	12.26
Jordanian Dinar	11.30
Bahraini Dinar	8.87
1000 Lebanese Lira	103.86
100 Syrian Lira	86.48
100 Qatar Riyal	89.97
100 Yemeni Riyal	74.00
Emirates Dirhams	88.82
100 Indian Rupee	42.60
100 Pakistani Rupee	34.11
Southern Dinars	9.67
U.S. Dollars Banknotes	3.3675

Currency Selling Rates announced by the National Commercial Bank.

## BUYING A HOUSE IN ENGLAND?

TALK TO THE EXPERTS

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- Customs Broker Agent: Minimum three years experience.
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Applicants should be fluent in English. All applications to be addressed to head of Personnel Department, together with certificates of previous experience, 2 passport size photos; applications accepted between 9-9-99 until 25-9-99, 9 to 11 p.m. Priority given to Saudi nationals. Non Saudis should have transferable residence permit.

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No	Name of the vessel	E.T.A.	Shipping Line	From	Cargo
2	NEDLLOYD LOIRE	1-8-79	NEDLLOYD	Europe	Cont. & Gen.
VESSELS ARRIVING WITHIN NEXT 24 HRS.					
	AL ARIDIAH	2-8-79	U.A.S.C	Europe	Steel & Gen.
	CONCORDIA VIKING	2-8-79	Concordia	U.S.A.	General
	IBN ALABBAR	3-8-79	U.A.S.C.	FAR EAST	General

Consignees are kindly reminded to contact agent for obtaining delivery orders to start clearing procedures A.S.A.P.

## Yusuf Bin Ahmed Kanoo

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## Alberta energy unit okays project to extract tar oil Algerians admit hitches forced cuts in liftings

NEW YORK, Aug. 1 (AP) —

The Energy Resources Conservation Board of the Canadian province of Alberta Tuesday approved a proposal by several major international oil companies to build a \$4.3 billion project for the extraction of oil from the province's rich tar sands deposits.

The "Alsands" project, located near the town of Fort McMurray in northern Alberta and owned by units of Shell Oil, Standard Oil Company of Indiana, the government oil company Petro-Canada and others, is expected to produce 140,000 barrels a day of synthetic crude from the Athabasca Tar Sands.

Approval by the Alberta cabinet and by Canadian federal officials in Ottawa would be

required for construction to begin on the project, Canada's largest. The resources board's report is expected to be put before the provincial cabinet later this year.

Alsand's backers also said agreement on provincial royalties and federal taxes would have to be reached before the plant could start operations.

The project would take about five years to complete and would operate along similar lines as the nearby \$2.3 billion Syncrude Canada Ltd. plant.

The Syncrude plant began operations a year ago and produces 100,000 barrels of synthetic oil a day. The project is owned by several oil companies including Exxon Corp. and Gulf Oil Corp., Petro-Canada and the province of Alberta.

ALGIERS, Aug. 1 (R) — Algeria has confirmed that technical problems had reduced its oil exports since the middle of June.

The state-owned oil company Sonatrach Tuesday said the reduction was agreed with Algeria's clients.

Sonatrach also denied foreign press suggestions that it had reduced sales to its normal clients in order to offer its oil on the more lucrative free spot market.

Western sources said in Algiers Monday that Algeria had reduced its oil exports but that the reduction appeared to be temporary.

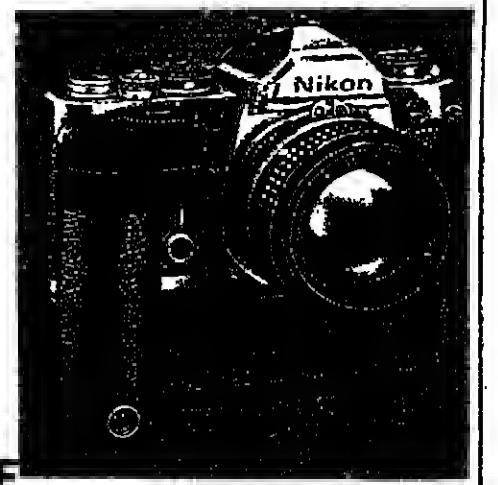
## Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
Ministry of Health	Supply of fire alarms, smoke detectors and thermostats	523	100	Aug. 11
Municipality of Baha	Repairs to the vegetable and Meat markets		Free	Aug. 13
Directorate of Education, Medina	Construction of four rural schools (first instalment)	200		Aug. 12
" " "	Construction of four rural schools (second instalment)	200		Aug. 12
King Abdul Aziz House	Maintenance of the fabric of the house	100		Sept. 5
Directorate of Education, Hail	Construction of an ordinary school	3-99/1400	100	Aug. 13
Municipality of Jeddah	Servicing of vehicles and machinery	12		Aug. 12
Municipality of Wejib	Supply of garbage bins (sample 1)			Sept. 8

## Nikon

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## A big surprise on the occasion of Ramadan

You may be the winner of one of the following prizes if you shop worth SR. 250. — as from 1st. to 20th. Ramadan.



2nd Prize: 1 ROUND TRIP PLANE TICKET From Dhahran-Holland-London-Dhahran

4th Prize: 1 Double Door, 8 cu. ft. SIERA Refrigerator

Other Prizes: Watches, Radios, Recorders, Golden Cross Pens and many others for Consolation Prizes.

3rd Prize: 1 18" SIERA Colour T.V.

5th Prize: 1 REEL TAPE RECORDER, Stereo, SIERA

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Interested in Business Developments  
in Saudi Arabia

**saudi business**

THIS WEEK READ ABOUT:  
The hotel market squeeze  
World Bank energy development loans  
A glimpse of Petromin sales  
Trucking in Saudi Arabia

PAGE 12

International

خميس ١٠ رمضان ١٣٩٩ هـ

## Nigerians nationalize British oil firm hours before Commonwealth summit

LUSAKA, Aug. 1 (Agencies) — Nigeria's surprise takeover of British oil interests widened rifts at the Commonwealth Conference which opened Wednesday.

The issue of Zimbabwe Rhodesia has already split Britain and Black Africa.

Tuesday night Nigeria announced a takeover of the British Petroleum Company's (BP) 20 per cent share in the Shell-BP Nigeria company and the expulsion of its staff.

It said this was in response to the British government's decision to allow BP to export North Sea and non-embargoed oil to South Africa.

But British officials said neither North Sea oil nor Nigerian oil exported by British companies was being sent to South Africa.

The Nigerian government owned 60 per cent of the Shell-BP Nigerian Oil Company and the remaining 20 per cent is held by Shell, untouched by the move.

The Foreign Office said there were no plans to raise the question of compensation. Nigeria has said compensation will be paid but has not quoted a figure.

A British statement issued in Lusaka bluntly rejected the reasons given by Nigeria and linked the takeover to the start of the week-long Commonwealth Conference.

Nigeria, the richest nation in Black Africa, has threatened economic retaliation against Britain and the United States if they lift economic sanctions against Zimbabwe Rhodesia.

Britain will ask Nigeria to reconsider its decision the Foreign Office said Wednesday.

Shares in the giant oil company lost four per cent when the London stock market opened Wednesday and the pound plummeted.

### Baghdad doubles foreign aid fund

BAGHDAD, Aug. 1 (AP) — The capital of the state-run Iraqi Fund for External Development has been doubled to 100 million Iraqi dinars (about \$300 million) the official Iraqi news agency reported Wednesday.

The fund provides assistance for development projects in the Arab world and other developing countries.

## North Sea airplane crash kills 17, but 30 survive

SUMBURGH, Shetland Islands, Aug. 1 (AP) — Thirty people had a dramatic escape Tuesday from a submerged British charter plane that nose-dived into the North Sea on takeoff. But the crash at Sumburgh Airport claimed 17 lives.

Six bodies were recovered from the choppy sea, and rescuers had the grim task Wednesday of recovering the 11 other dead still trapped in the submerged plane.

The Hawker-Siddeley 748, on charter to Shell Oil from Dan-Air, was carrying 44 North Sea oil men and a crew of three from the Shetlands to Aberdeen, Scotland, for leave.

Sumburgh is a small staging airport where helicopters ferry North Sea workers to and from the oil rigs. Often hampered by fog, it is precariously perched on a rocky coast.

Witnesses said the plane crashed into the sea only 50 yards from the end of the runway, in heavy rain.

"One minute it was going along the runway, the next it was in the sea with only the tail visible," said a witness.

Survivors said the plane filled quickly with icy water, but they



FLIGHT TO LUSAKA: Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher leaving Heathrow Airport for the Commonwealth summit which opened Wednesday after Nigeria nationalized British Petroleum interests.

The dip in the value of BP shares by 53 pence (about \$1.2) to £11.50 (\$26) led to immediate market speculation that the government's plans to sell off some of its interests in BP would be upset.

The decision will cost BP about one-eighth of its total supply of oil, the company said in London. "The Nigerian decision is a big blow to BP," said the authoritative "Financial Times" newspaper, and the "Daily Mail," a strong supporter of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, headlined its front-page story, "Oil Grab Angers Maggie."

The Foreign Office said Nigeria's stated reasons for taking over BP interests were "totally contrary to the facts."

The statement said, "Taking into account the timing of this extraordinary move on the eve of the Commonwealth meeting, the British government can only suppose that the real reason for the Nigerian action is something entirely different."

The clear impression in London was that Nigeria had announced the takeover, effective Wednesday, as an opening shot in a Black African campaign to deter Mrs. Thatcher from recognizing the moderate black government of Prime Minister Abel Muzorewa in Zimbabwe Rhodesia.

The issue is likely to dominate the eight-day Commonwealth Conference in Lusaka, with Mrs. Thatcher looking for a formula which will allow Britain to recognize the Muzorewa government and lift sanctions against its former colony.

managed to reach emergency exits. Some swam for shore, others were picked up by helicopters or small boats.

First reports said all passengers and crew were British. The only woman on board, a stewardess, survived. None of the survivors was seriously injured, but eight were hospitalized overnight at nearby Lerwick. Most suffered shock and had swallowed oily water.

One survivor told reporters: "I was five feet from the back of the plane. Water was pouring in from the front. I tried to get out of the rear, then I went back for my life-jacket. I had to jump over the seats and the water was up to our necks. I just seemed to grab hold of the person in front and get dragged to the door."

Survivors said there had been no panic as oil men swam for exits to make their escape.

Police appealed for swimmers to go to the shore to pull out survivors. One who did was a waiting pilot, Jonathan Dalrymple-Smith, who said: "I saw one person clinging to the tail and three others on the starboard wing. A lot of people were swimming towards the shore."

BP said it will lose 12 million metric tons a year or 9.6 million gallons of crude per day.

BP is partner with Shell in the Shell-BP Petroleum Development Co., which produces about half of total Nigerian oil output, now running at a record 100.8 million gallons per day.

Nigeria is Britain's biggest export market in Africa, and British firms have about 1 billion pounds (\$2.25 billion) worth of assets tied up there.

Mrs. Thatcher Wednesday made a thinly-veiled attack on Nigeria when she addressed the opening of the Commonwealth summit.

She diverged from the original text of her speech to say that world economic difficulties had been made worse "by the recent sudden and arbitrary action that will affect oil markets and prices."

Mrs. Thatcher did not refer directly to Nigeria but it was widely taken as her first public response to the Lagos announcement.

In an otherwise low-key speech, Mrs. Thatcher pledged her three-month old Conservative government to seek a settlement in Zimbabwe Rhodesia "which the commonwealth and the international community as a whole will find acceptable and which offers the prospect of peace for the people in Rhodesia and her neighbours."

She said the British government was "wholly committed in genuine black majority rule in Rhodesia." She did not refer to the territory by its new name of Zimbabwe Rhodesia.

Mrs. Thatcher looked calm and confident as she began her most delicate foreign policy mission since coming to power three months ago.

Earlier she listened earnestly as President Kenneth Kaunda of Zambia told the conference that last April's elections in Zimbabwe Rhodesia had not changed its status as a British colony in illegal rebellion against the Crown.

Mrs. Thatcher said "The United Kingdom has pledged herself to exercise her constitutional responsibility for Rhodesia."

But she did not go into detail about plans for the territory. After her veiled attack on Nigeria, Mrs. Thatcher said the nationalization and the latest round of oil price increases would hit the developing countries directly and prevent them expanding.



LAST STATEMENT: Theodore Bundy, convicted of 2 murders and suspected of killing a total of 40 women, took the stand for the last time to attack press coverage of his Florida trial Tuesday. He faces the electric chair.

## Convicted killer starts fighting against death sentence in U.S.

MIAMI, Florida, Aug. 1 (R) — Theodore Bundy, suspected of murdering up to 40 young women across the United States, embarked Wednesday on an uncertain legal battle to avoid death in Florida's electric chair.

Bundy, 32, an honors graduate in criminal psychology, was sentenced Tuesday for the brutal killings of two students as they slept in a student residence at Florida State University in Tallahassee.

He was convicted after a month-long trial, parts of which were shown on television. Testimony linking impressions of his teeth with bite marks on one of the victim's body was particularly damaging to his defense.

Bundy insisted that he was innocent. He told court Tuesday "I am not asking for mercy, for I find it absurd to ask for mercy for something I did not do."

County Court Judge Edward Cowart passed the death sentence after the jury of seven men and five women returned an advisory recommendation for it.

"It's a tragedy for this court to see such a total waste of humanity as I've experienced in this court," the judge said of Bundy, a one-time law student who took an active part in his own defense.

"You're a bright young man. You'd have made a good lawyer. I'd have loved to have you practice in front of us. You went another way."

Bundy, who once wrote a pamphlet advising women how to protect themselves against assault, was found guilty of breaking into the university campus and killing Margaret Bowman, 21, and Lisa Levy, 20. He was also convicted of three attempted murders there.

Judge Cowart said the murder of Miss Bowman was "vicious, vile, wicked and atrocious." Bundy's case will go automatically to the Florida Supreme Court for review since it involves the death penalty. Florida, one of the few states liable to carry out the sentence, executed a convicted killer two months ago.

Bundy indicated possible grounds for his appeal when he complained that he did not have effective defense lawyers.

During the trial he squabbled with his five attorneys, four of whom were public lawyers from Tallahassee. One quit, saying that Bundy had a mental problem. The judge refused to let Bundy fire another.

Bundy also faces legal battle September 17 when he is due to go

### Men reportedly left families to flee India fire

NEW DELHI, Aug. 1 (AP) — Panic-stricken men trampled women and children while escaping a weekend movie house fire that left 168 people dead, "The Statesman" newspaper reported Wednesday, in Tuticorin, south India, about 550 kilometers south of Madras.

"The site where the cinema house stood resembles a vast cremation ground," the English-language daily said.

"Women and children were trampled and all the men, barring one, made good their escape."

A local housewife, Lakshmi Duraiswami, escaped with her two children and then ran back to the burning tarpaulin-and-thatch movie house to save her neighbor's children after hearing their screams.

on trial in northern Florida on a charge of murdering a 12-year-old girl.

Prosecutors said they would proceed with the trial, despite the death sentence passed in Miami, but it was not clear what would happen in other cases pending against him.

They include an unfinished murder trial in Colorado and a jail sentence for kidnapping in Utah. He escaped from prisons in both states.

Bundy, a former Boy Scout, Republican Party worker and Mormon convert, came from a stable middle-class family in the Pacific Northwest.

## Alleged Israeli criminal loses Knesset immunity

TEL AVIV, Aug. 1 (R) — The Knesset Wednesday voted 61-30 to remove the parliamentary immunity of Samuel Flatto-Sharon, the flamboyant millionaire French immigrant, so he can be tried on charges of bribing voters during Israel's 1977 general election.

The decision now makes the former Paris property developer theoretically liable for extradition to France, where he is now being tried in absentia on fraud and tax evasion charges.

Flatto-Sharon decided to stand for parliament here in 1977 after France sought his extradition. The businessman, in Israel since 1972, won immunity from extradition by getting into the Knesset.

The Israeli Justice Ministry has said it would file five ballooning charges against him once his parliamentary immunity was lifted.

Ninety-two of the Knesset's 120 members voted Wednesday. One vote was invalid. The result followed a recommendation by the Knesset's Regulations Committee after an appeal by the attorney-general.

Two months ago when the charges were published Flatto-Sharon's lawyer told reporters they could "open a Pandora's box by proving that Flatto-Sharon did only what other politicians, includ-

## Desai calls government group of defectors

NEW DELHI, Aug. 1 (R) — Former Premier Morarji Desai Wednesday denounced Prime Minister Charan Singh for forming a new government out of "party of defectors."

Singh quit Desai's Janata government with others in a major revolt last month which led Desai's resignation as premier and Janata Party leader.

"It is most unfortunate that the government should be formed by a party of defectors. One most unfortunate precedent has taken place," Desai said in an interview with a Calcutta weekly magazine.

He said the fall of Janata was mainly due to personal ambition. "Mr. Charan Singh himself has said he has fulfilled his life's ambition and that is the main cause."

Desai, 83, repeated his intention to resign from active politics by quitting membership of parliament which is expected to reopen on Aug. 27 for a vote of confidence in Singh's five-day-old government.

The possibility of the coalition government being unable to win the necessary majority in the 544-member house has been increased by the tactics of Congress (I) Party of former Prime Minister Indira Gandhi.

Angered by the inclusion of defectors from her party in the new administration, Mrs. Gandhi's supporters who helped Singh form his government may abstain or vote against the government on a confidence motion.

The intentions of three other groups remain uncertain with 22 MPs of the Marxist Communist Party of India remaining neutral.

The Akali group from Punjab with nine MPs and an 18-member group from Tamil Nadu are undecided about which way to vote.

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ing the major parties, have done." Flatto-Sharon's extravagant lifestyle has been highly publicized here. He lives with his beautiful young wife and their baby in a mansion in the luxury suburb of Savion outside Tel Aviv.

The 49-year-old financier is one-man party in the Knesset and is shunned by many of his colleagues who consider him an embarrassment.

He has underwritten many splashy, publicity-seeking projects. He recently sent a team to Uganda to hunt for Idi Amin.

## Saudia starts Dhahran-Istanbul direct flight

DAMMAM, Aug. 1 (SPA) — Saudia is to start a flight between Dhahran and Istanbul every Tuesday, the company announced Wednesday.

The airline also said the schedule of direct flights to Europe and other countries in the Middle East is in effect.

Abdul Rahman Al-Muqbil, airline's director-general for Eastern Province, said the number of flights will increase when necessary.

He said the rush of Egyptian teachers flying home for the summer is almost over.



SPEECH: Sheikh Abdul Aziz Al-Turki, a councillor at the Saudi Embassy in London, addresses the crowd of more than 600 who gathered recently as the Muslim Educational Trust held its annual awards ceremony. 110 children received prizes.

### 600 attend ceremony

## London Muslim students given prizes

Special to Arab News

LONDON — Prizes were awarded recently to 110 Muslim children by the Muslim Education Trust at a ceremony at Conway Hall in Red Lion Square.

Sheikh Abdul Aziz Al-Turki, cultural councillor of the Saudi Embassy here, who was the guest of honor, lauded the Trust for its role in arranging the education of Muslim children in a non-Islamic country like Britain.

Habibur Rahman, chairman of the trust, said parents of children

should cooperate in making certain their offspring receive the benefits of an Islamic education.

According to Ghulam Sarwar, director of the organization, last year it sent 23 teachers to 56 county secondary schools and 11 weekend and evening schools in ten British cities. Over 2,000 Muslim children benefited from the teachers' activities, he said.

The award ceremony, held July 22, heralded the end of a long competition for the 110 lucky winners. Each of them had won his or her prize by scoring high in the

trust's annual examination for Muslim children studying in Britain.

In addition to the 110 prizes awarded here trust officials said, similar ceremonies were held in nine other cities in the country to distribute prizes.

In his remarks, Rahman urged the Muslim children to practice Islam all their lives.

After his speech, but before the prizes were awarded, 14 students from different London schools spoke to the audience of more than 600 on various aspects of the Islamic way of life.

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